

Applied Machine Learning Days 2022

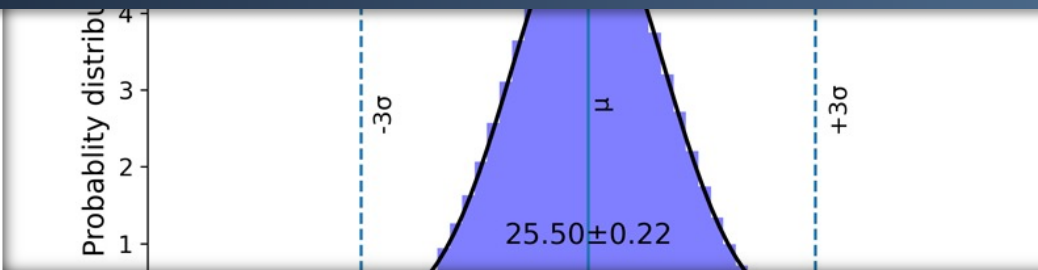
Physics Informed Neural Networks (PINNs) for thermal analysis of LPBF Process

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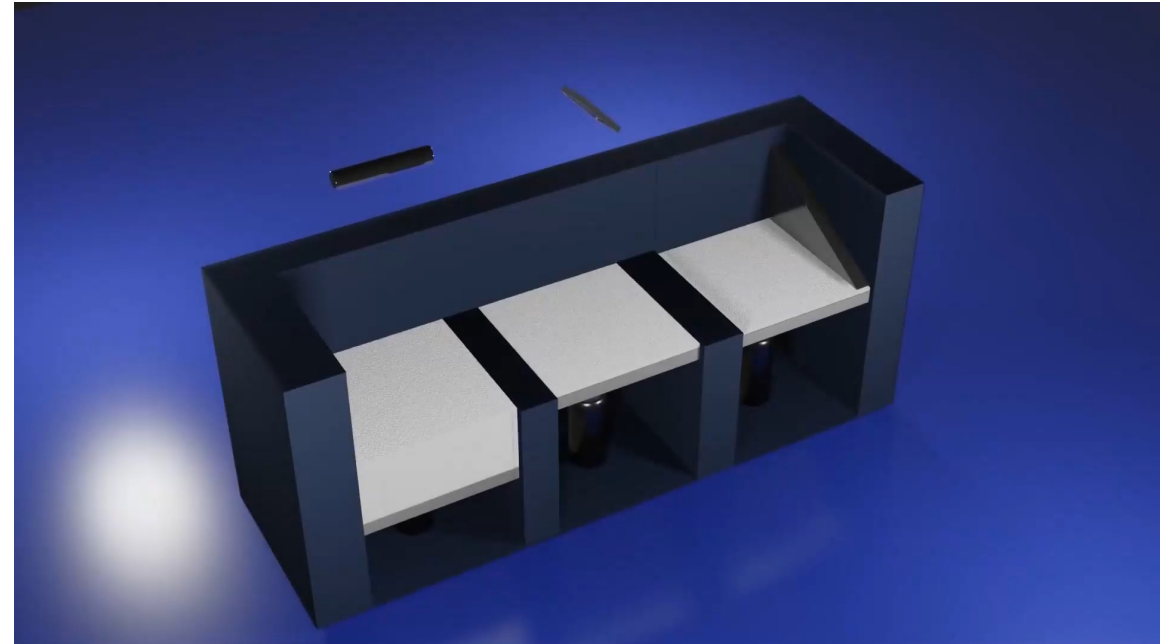


- **Advantages**

- Freedom of design
 - Complex, lightweight parts
- Short delivery time
- Elimination of production steps

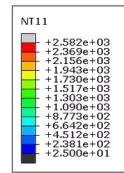
- **Challenges**

- Cost
 - Slow build rates
 - Expensive feed material
- Limited choice of materials
- Uncertainty in quality
 - Requirement for better understanding of the ongoing phenomena during LPBF



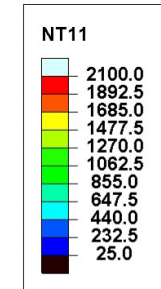
Bradley Clayburn

- A multi-physical field problem
 - Thermal, mechanical, metallurgical, etc.

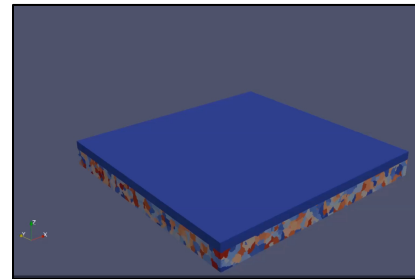
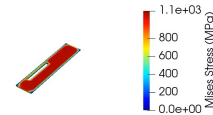


Step: Step_dep Frame: 0
Total Time: 0.000000

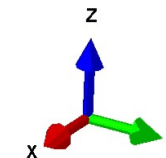
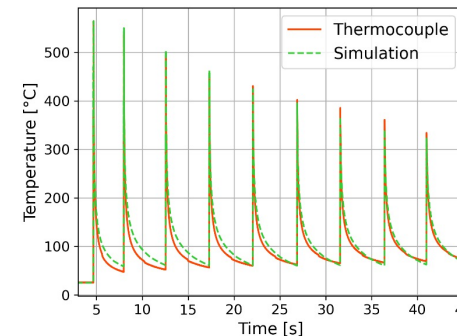
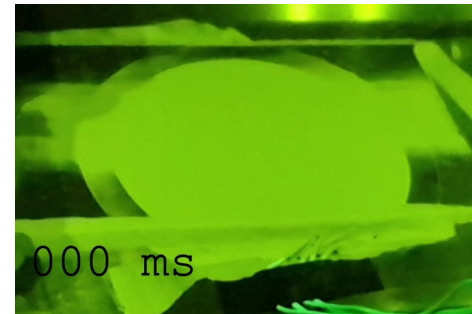
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Step: Step_dep Frame: 0
Total Time: 0.000000

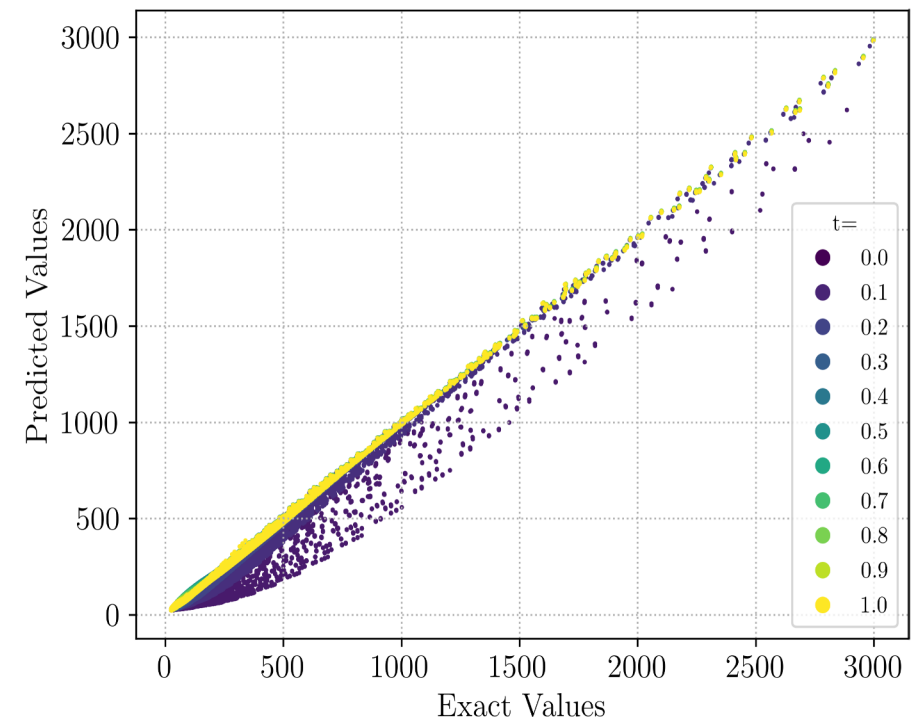
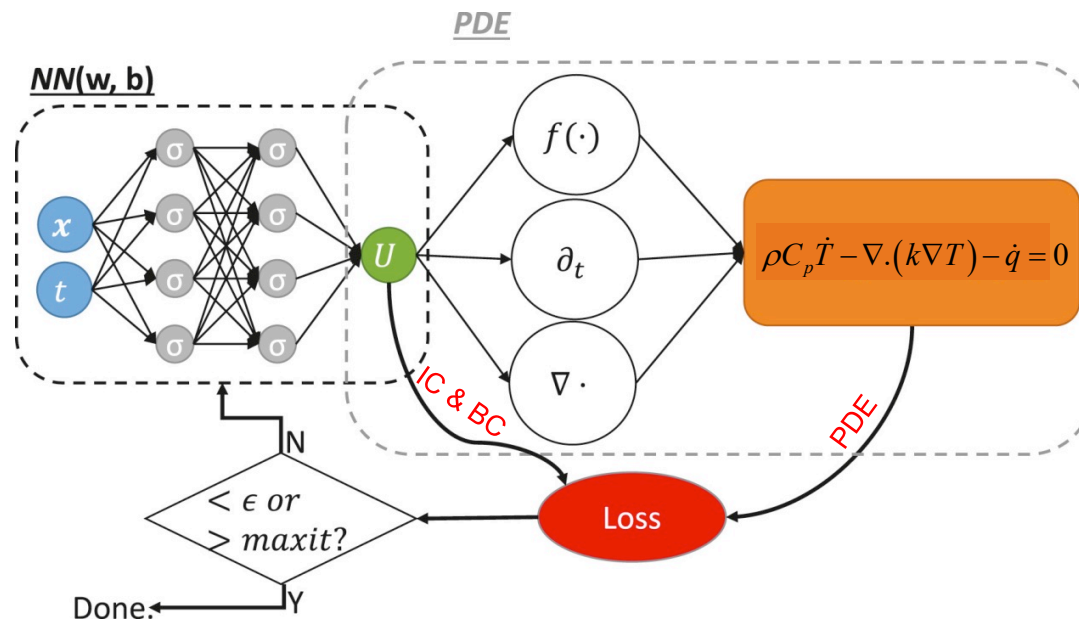


- Continuum based thermal analysis of LPBF (FEM)
 - Experimental validation

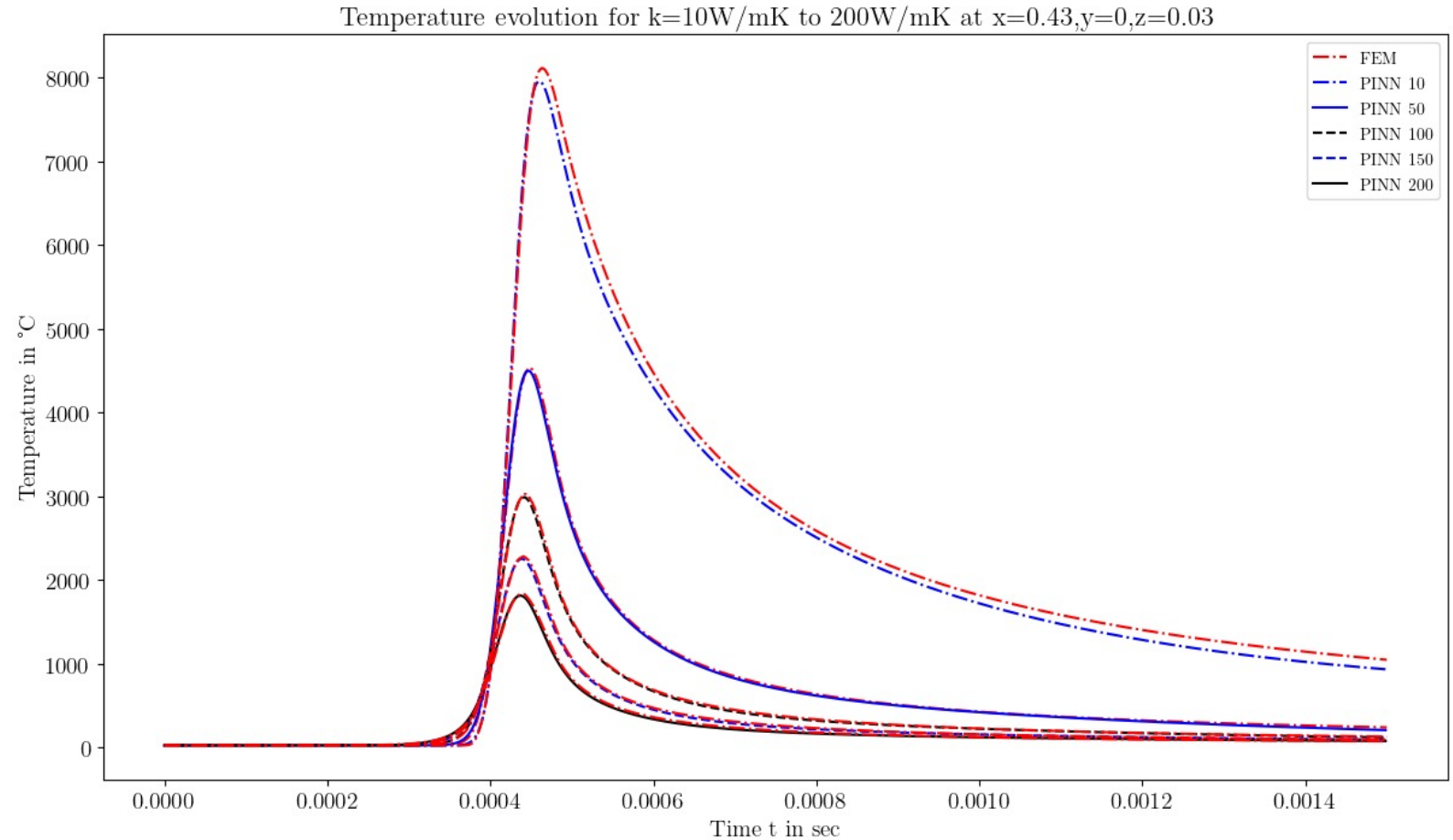


Computational cost: 12-16 hours

- **Data-driven approaches**
 - Surrogate modelling (PCE), neural network (supervised training)
- **Physics Informed Neural Networks (PINNs)**
 - Numerical simulations = Solving PDEs



- **Parameters**
 - Laser power
 - Scan speed
 - Thermal conductivity
 - Heat capacity
- **PINNs training cost**
 - 0.4h (GPU)
 - ≈ 9.4 h (CPU)
- **Evaluation time**
 - Real-time simulation
 - Towards Digital Twins



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