

Monitoring in the Big Data Era: to AD or not to AD?

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Agenda

- Introduction
- Anomaly Detection in Practice
- Traditional Monitoring Methods
- Conclusion



*“The fault is not in our stars...
but where is it exactly?”*

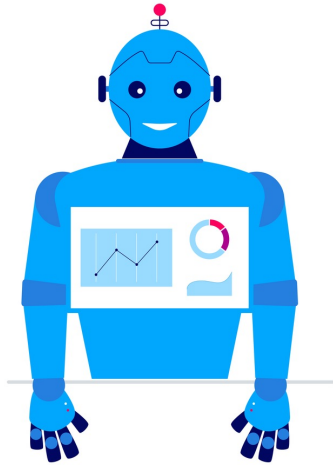
--Julius Caesar



Dilemma of the Modern Big Data Age

Apply Anomaly Detection?

- Use Machine Learning algorithms.



Apply Traditional Monitoring Methods?

- Use thresholds provided by experts.

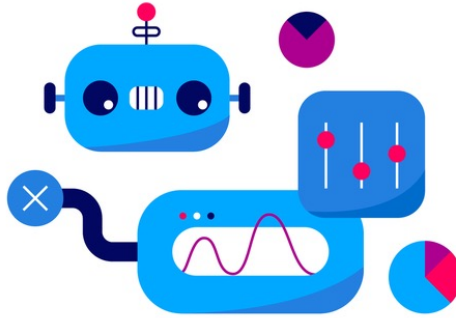




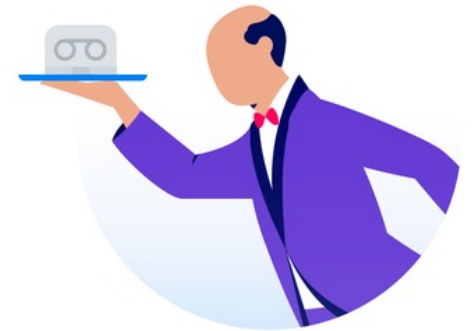
Swisscom Use Cases



Network Infrastructure
20B interactions/day
on mobile network



Software Applications
300M function calls/day



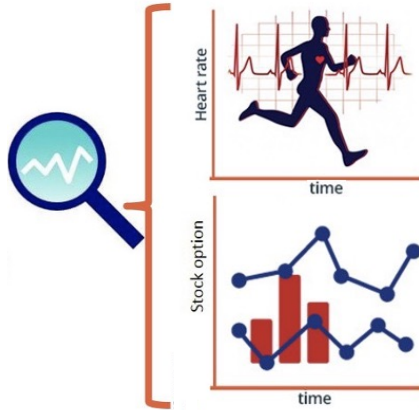
Business Processes
80k processes/day



Anomaly Detection Theory

Time Series

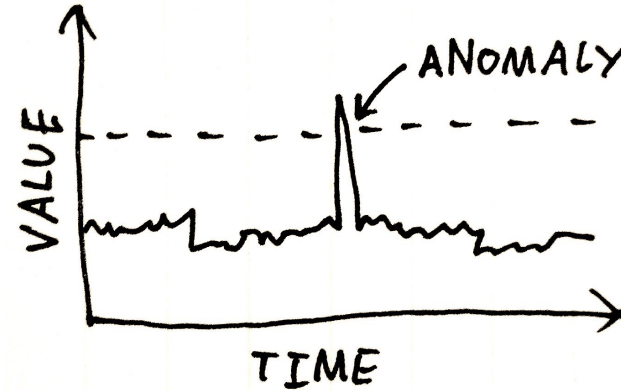
- Series of **data points ordered by time** of occurrence.



Source: [Medium](#)

Anomaly Detection

- Focused on identification of data points that are significantly **different from the majority of data**.



Source: [Towards Data Science](#)



Anomaly Detection in Practice

“How far that little candle throws his beams!”

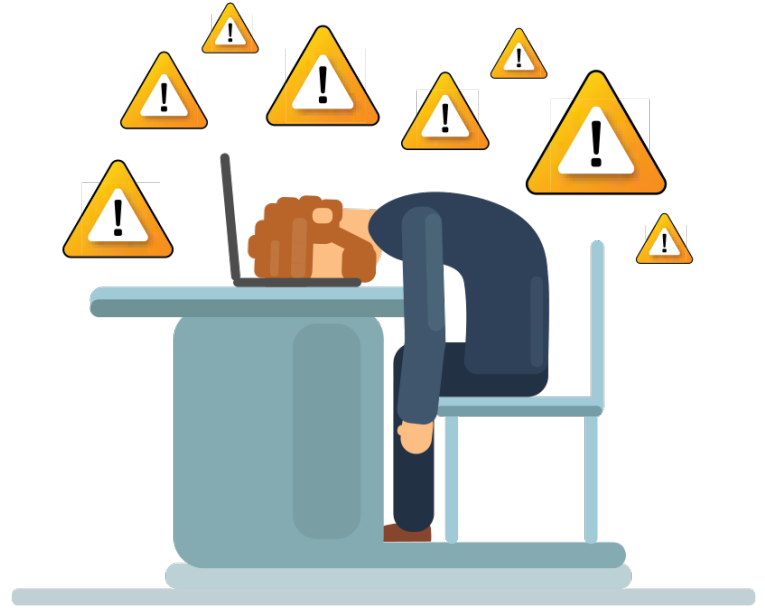
-- The Merchant of Venice





Anomaly Detection Challenges at Swisscom

- **Efficiency:** 100,000+ time series in real-time.
- **Accuracy:** lack of labels.
- **Alerting:** false positives.
- **Generalization:** different data patterns.
- **Communication:** model interpretability.

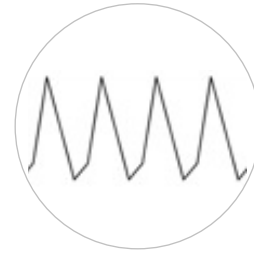


Source: [Sensu](#)

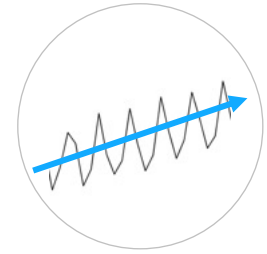


Anomaly Detection Approach

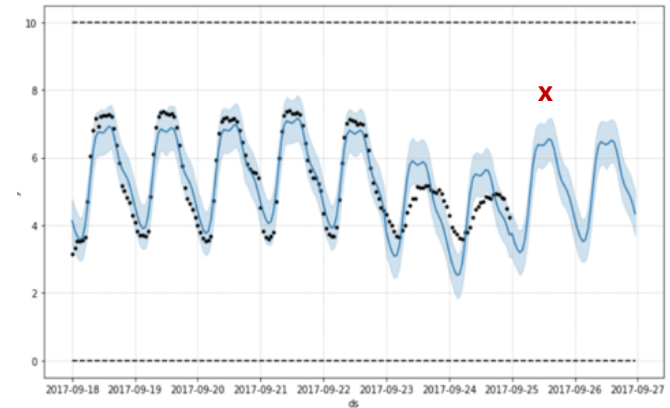
- **Unsupervised learning:** no labelled data.
- Detect **contextual** anomalies based on seasonality (daily, weekly) and trend.
- **Predictive models:** detect anomalies when an observation is outside of the prediction bounds.



Seasonality



Trend

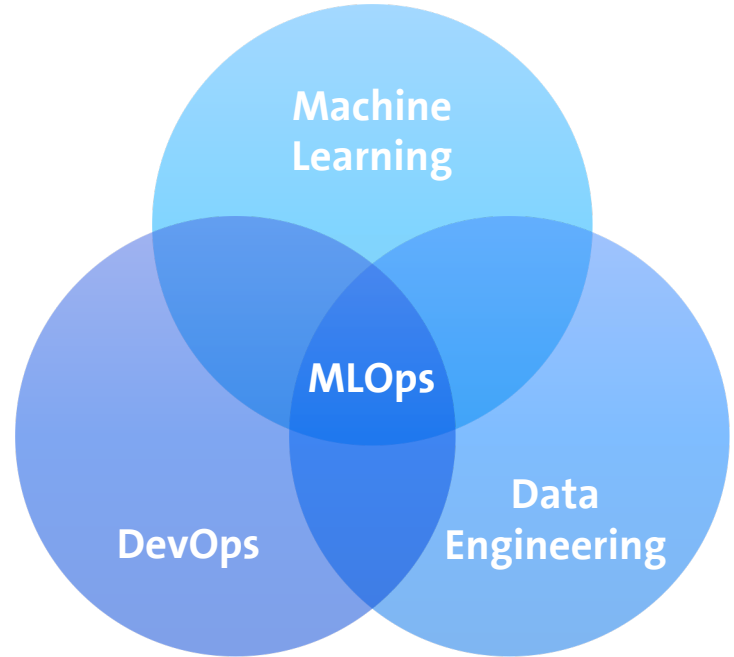
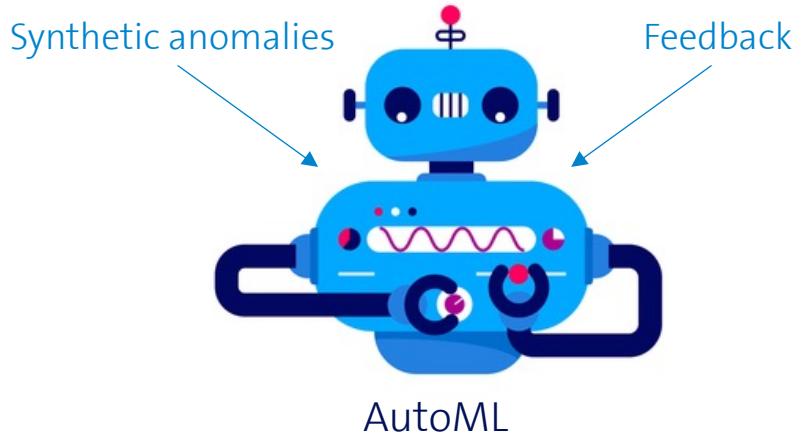


Open-source Model: *Prophet* [\[1\]](#).



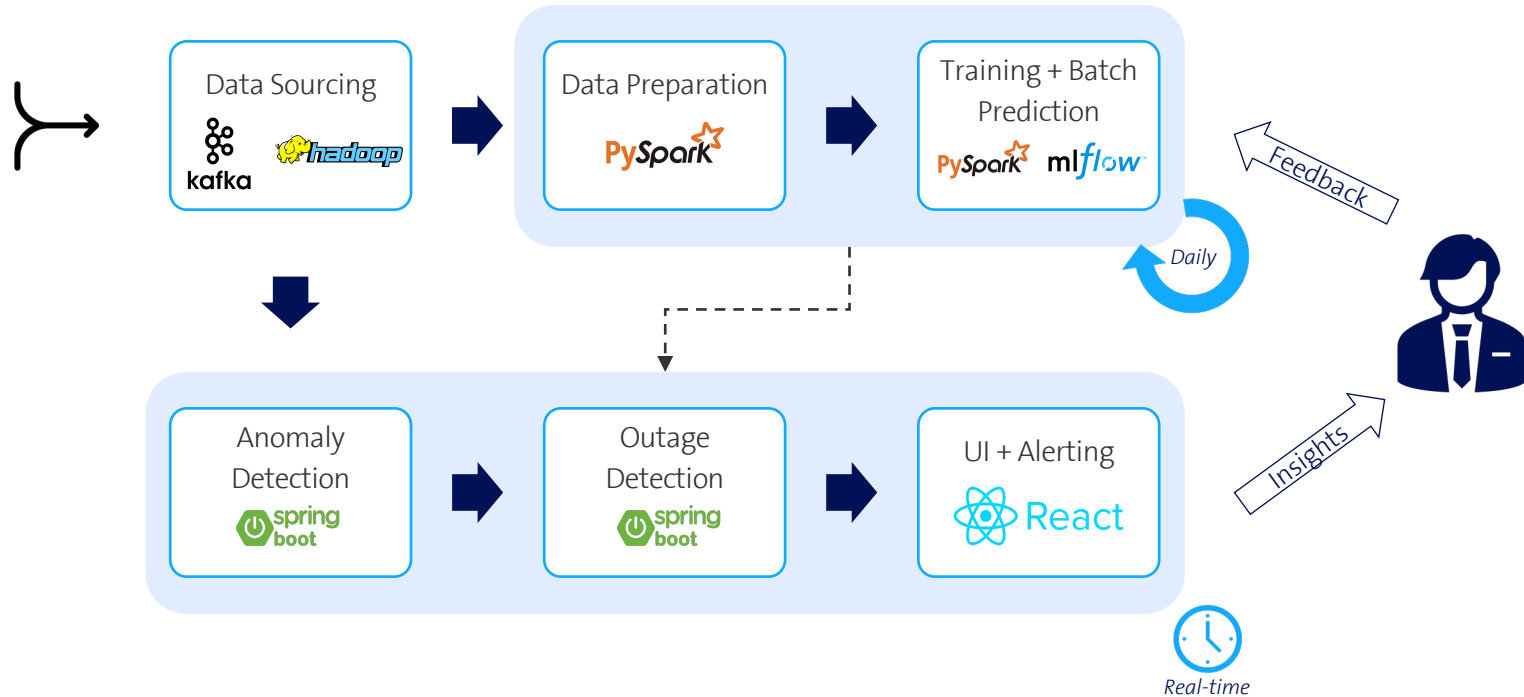
AutoML and MLOps

- Automatic **hyperparameter tuning**.
- Automatic **model selection**.





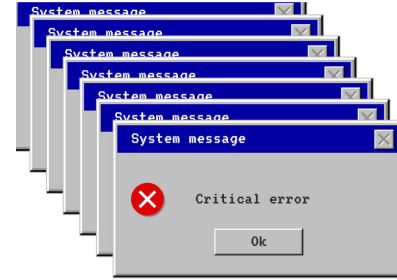
Machine Learning Pipeline





Monitoring with Anomaly Detection

- Consider **additional factors** for alerting:
 - Number of consecutive anomalies;
 - Outlier score;
 - Model maturity.
- Aggregate anomalies into higher-level concepts like **outages or health scores**.
- **Root cause analysis** is used to get actionable insights.





Traditional Monitoring Methods

*“There is nothing either good or bad,
but thinking makes it so.”*

-- Hamlet





Traditional Approach Challenges in Swisscom

- **Efficiency:** 100,000+ time series in real-time.
- **Accuracy:** lack of labels.
- **Alerting:** false positives.
- **Generalization:** system evolution.
- **Communication:** requires domain experts.



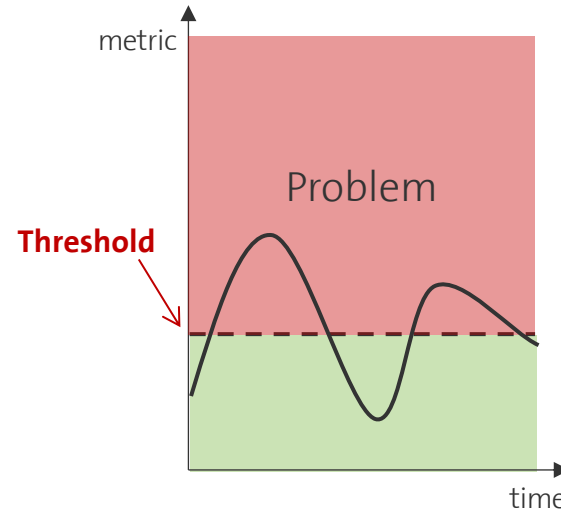
Source: [Freepik](#)



Threshold-Based Approach

- **Heuristics** derived from **business knowledge**.
- **Rates instead of absolutes** make the approach more robust against data distribution changes!

- Examples:
 - ~~Alert if - # Errors > 100 in 5 min~~
 - Alert if - *Error Rate > 10% in 5 min*





SLI/SLO* Approach

- Based on *Site Reliability Engineering* book (2016).
- **Generic customer-focused approach** for monitoring of metrics.
- **SLI = Metric**
- **SLO = Target (Threshold)**

$$SLI = \frac{\text{good events}}{\text{valid events}} * 100 (\%)$$

$$SLI = 1 - \frac{\text{bad events}}{\text{valid events}} * 100 (\%)$$



Value should be within the target,
X% of the time window T



SLI/SLO Example – Ice Cream Shop

- **SLI** - Time taken by the shop to prepare an ice cream for a customer.
- **SLO** – In a month, 90% of the time customers get ice cream within 2 minutes.
- **Error Budget** – When an ice cream flavour runs out, it can take more than 2 minutes to serve the next customer (including the time to refill the ice cream bucket).



Source: [VectorStock](#)



Self-Service as a Solution

- Enables experts to:
 - **Interact** with their data;
 - **Express** their system expectations;
 - **Version** their monitoring setup;
 - **Communicate** with other stakeholders;
 - **Keep customer perspective central.**





Conclusion

“The wheel is come full circle.”
-- King Lear



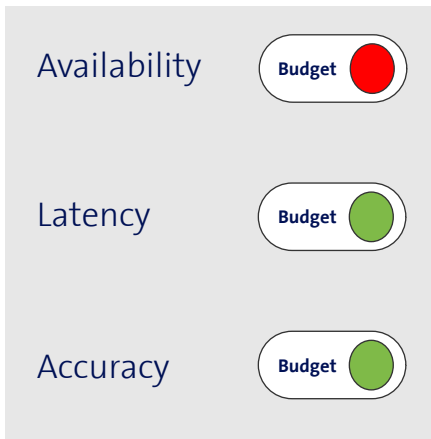


Answer: To AD or not to AD?

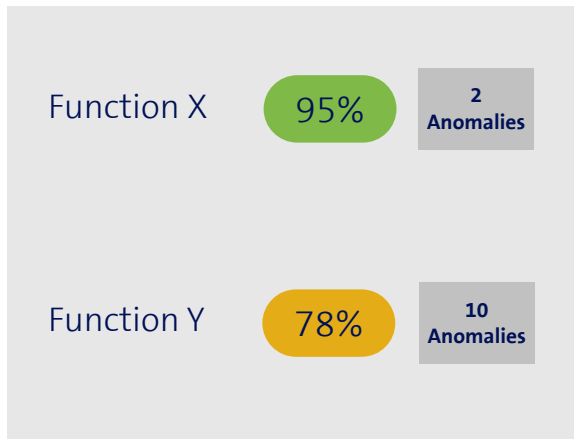
- Base your solution on the available data and resources ***and don't be scared to combine!***



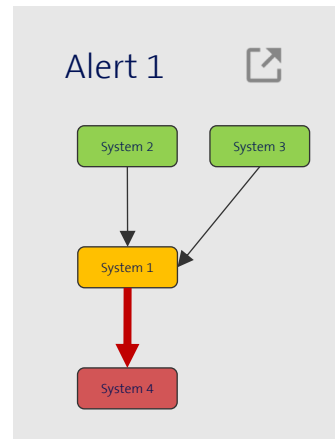
SLI/SLO



Health Score (AD)



Alerts





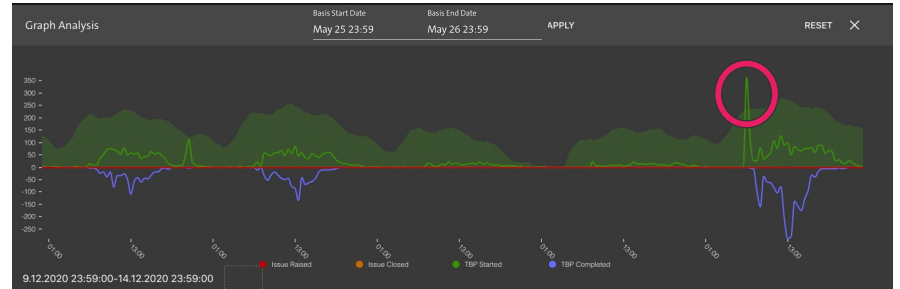
Holistic Monitoring

- Goal is to understand the **problem chain end-to-end** and **from different perspectives**.
- Make dashboards with relevant information:
 - Problem **severity**;
 - **Data model** information;
 - Details from **external ticketing systems**.





Impact on Business and Customer Satisfaction



Real-time detection of problems with end-to-end monitoring






The End

Thank you for your attention!

Visit us during the **poster session** for more Q&A!



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